

Acquisition of Moore Barlow drives c.11% PBT uplift

24 August 2026

Knights has announced the complementary acquisition of the commercial and private wealth service lines of Moore Barlow LLP. Operating in the affluent South-East market, this is another significant, compelling acquisition for Knights that will add around 160 fee-earners. Generating c.£30m of revenues, Knights is paying only 0.9x EV/Revenues, structured as £18m initial cash consideration and a further £9m over three years, subject to conditions. We raise our FY29E group revenue and Adj. PBT by c.11% and increase our Fair Value per share by 5% to 330p, equivalent to 10x cal 2027 PER. Hence, trading on under 5.5x cal 2027 PER we believe Knights' rating materially undervalues its quality growth prospects.

Complementary £27m acquisition of Moore Barlow (0.9x EV/Revenues)

Hot on the heels of Knights' [acquisition of THP Solicitors](#), Knights has concluded discussions with Moore Barlow LLP ("Moore Barlow") resulting in the acquisition of c.70% of the business. Covering Hampshire, Surrey and the wider South-East, Moore Barlow is a close fit with Knights and is strong in Real Estate, Private Wealth and Landed Estates. Moore Barlow will dispose of its Personal Injury, Clinical Negligence and Court of Protection business prior to the acquisition. Consequently, Knights will acquire c.£30m of revenues and is paying an attractive c.0.9x EV/Revenues. Post acquisition, after normal churn and synergy savings, including the integration of some offices into Knights' well-invested office in Guildford, management anticipates the acquired business will contribute a strong PBT margin of c.18%, and will be earnings enhancing in the first full year of ownership.

Limited profit impact in FY27E but c.11% increase in Adj. PBT by FY29E

This is Knights' 31st acquisition in 15 years, cementing Knights' position as the leading consolidator in the regional legal market. Funded from the group's existing debt facilities and with net financial debt peaking at only c.1.6x FY27E EBITDA (2.5x including leases), we raise our FY28E revenue by 11% and Adj. PBT by 6.5%, rising to an 11% increase for FY29E Adj. PBT to c.£47m, post synergies.

Fair Value rises 5% to 330p per share

Knights offers highly profitable, cashflow generative growth: 12% CAGR in Adj. PBT (FY26-FY29E). Our increased Fair Value is equivalent to 10x cal 2027 PER.

Key financials & valuation metrics					
Year to 30 April (£m)	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Revenue	162.0	207.7	232.7	258.7	273.0
Revenue growth (%)	8.0	28.3	12.0	11.2	5.5
Adj. PBT	28.0	33.2	36.6	41.7	46.9
Adj. PBT margin (%)	17.3	16.0	15.7	16.1	17.2
Adj. diluted EPS (p)	22.9	27.1	29.9	34.1	38.3
Dividend per share (p)	4.8	5.6	6.0	6.8	7.7
Free cashflow pre acquisitions*	5.7	25.9	10.7	24.3	25.4
Free cashflow post acquisitions	(24.4)	9.5	(17.1)	13.8	19.5
Net cash / (debt) / Adj. EBITDA (x)	(2.8)	(2.3)	(2.5)	(2.1)	(1.8)
EV / Sales (x, calendarised)		1.2	1.1	1.0	
PER (x, calendarised)		6.0	5.3	4.7	
Dividend yield (% , calendarised)		3.4	3.8	4.3	
Free cashflow* yield (% , calendarised)		10.1	12.7	16.1	

Note: * pre-acquisition payments, Source: Company data, Equity Development, Priced as at 21/8/26

Company data

EPIC	KGH
Price (last close)	173p
52 weeks Hi/Lo	213p/147p
Market cap	£150m
ED Fair Value / share	330p
Net cash / (debt) 2026	£(117m)
Avg. daily volume (3m)	183k

Share price, p



Source: Investing.com

Description

Knights Group Holdings plc ("Knights") is a high-growth, legal and professional services business, ranked within the UK's top 50 largest law firms by revenue.

With over 1,100 fee-earning employees across 29 offices nationwide, Knights offers national scale but with a premium, regional focus. Revenues are diversified across corporate (63%), personal (24%) and specialist legal services (13%) (FY25).

Next event

H127 Trading Update - Nov 2026 (tbc)

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Knights: Why invest?

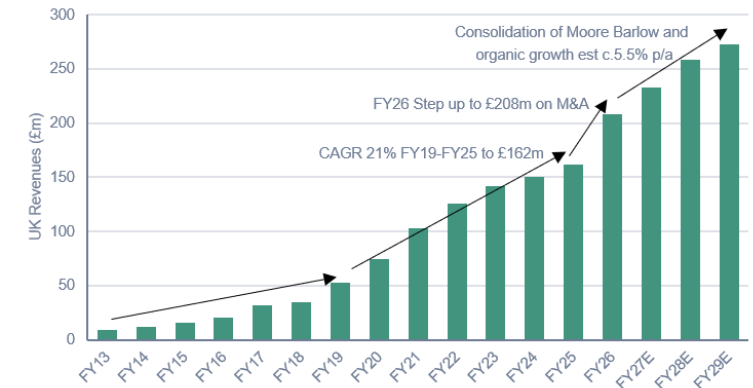
Investment Highlights	Risk Factors
- A differentiated business model and impressive growth record with revenues rising from £9m in FY13 to £208m in FY26, a 27% CAGR. - A proven active consolidator in the £4.0bn regional legal market, integrating 31 value accretive acquisitions since IPO in 2018 and costing c.£210m, equivalent to just 1.0x EV/Sales and an average 9.3x EV/PAT post synergies. - An increasingly diversified range of legal services with 63% from corporate (including 29% from real estate, FY25), 24% from personal (including 16% from Private Wealth) and 13% from specialist legal services. - Sustainable, high, 16%-17% Adj. PBT margins leading to Adj PBT rising to £33.2m in FY26, a decade CAGR of 23.5%. - Underlying high cash conversion post capex, funds acquisition and dividends. - An experienced, founder-led management team at the helm.	- As a people-led business, recruitment and retention of high-quality staff is key. Knights' track record of acquiring staff and retaining most is testament to its attractive "corporate" model. - The deployment of AI-enabled systems could be seen as a risk, but Knights has years of experience in using technology to increase staff productivity. Knights has also recently appointed John Earl to the new role of Chief Information and Technology Officer and intends to further explore AI tools and platforms to enhance productivity, mindful that local relationships are key to its success. - Diversification into other, specialist, niches of law, could bring increased risk. - Integration risk for any future acquisitions, though Knights' excellent track record provides reassurance. - Reputational brand risk, locally or regionally. - A reduction in interest on client monies, which was 4.7% of revenues in FY26. We forecast a reduction to c.4% by FY29E but a sharper reduction would impact our profit forecasts (and vice versa).
Forecast Drivers	Valuation Overview
- Management's ambition is to double revenues in the medium term through organic growth and selective acquisitions. - We forecast c.5.5% organic revenue growth p/a plus the acquisitions of THP Solicitors and Moore Barlow LLP to reach c.£273m in FY29E. We do not explicitly forecast any further acquisitions but estimate that each £10m investment from free cashflow could add c.£10m revenues or 5% growth p/a. - We forecast Adj. PBT margins growing from c.15.7% in FY27E to c.17% in FY29E, despite higher depreciation, amortisation and interest from recent growth investments, leading to 12.2% CAGR in Adj. PBT (FY26-FY29E) and free cashflow, pre-acquisitions, of c.£24m from FY28E.	- Although Knights' share price has risen c.70% from its low of 105p in December 2024, Knights is still significantly below its 2021-2022 trading range, despite being a bigger, more profitable business. - Trading on only 1.1x EV/Revenues, c.4.5x EV / Adj. EBITDA and only 5.3x Adj. PER (our revised forecasts, all Calendar 2027E – "cal 2027E"), Knights is trading c.25%-40% below its professional services peers (on an average c.6.5x cal 2027 EV/EBITDA and c.10.5x cal 2027 PER). - Reflecting the group's acquisitions and good momentum, we increase our Fair Value from 315p/ share to 330p/ share, equating to 7x EV/Adj. EBITDA, c.10x PER, a 5% FCF yield (pre-acquisitions) and a 2% dividend yield (all cal 2027E).

Knights' competitive advantage: A leading regional consolidator in the UK legal market

A unique corporate model attracts local firms to the group

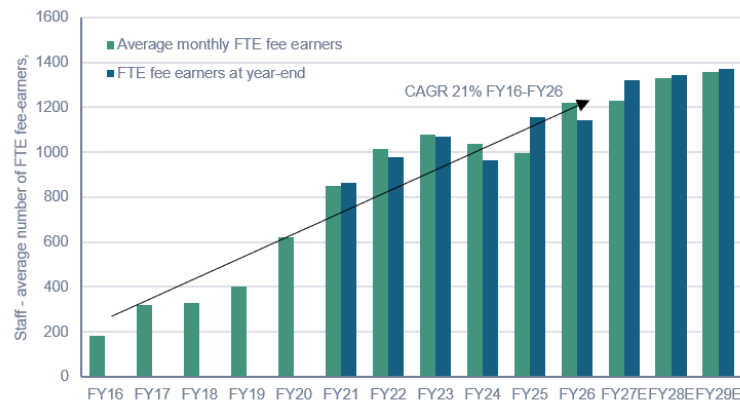
- Knights Group Holdings plc ("Knights") was bought in 2012 (when it was an LLP) by CEO David Beech and became the first legal firm to offer a different "corporate" model (see [our initiation note](#) for more details).
- Over the past 13 years, the group has grown revenues at an impressive 27% CAGR to reach £208m in FY26 through both organic growth and acquisitions.
- Acquisitions have also helped Knights expand from its core real estate and dispute resolution services, which accounted for 68% of revenues in FY18, to a broad range of services, with 56% coming from other services in FY25.
- Offering high PBT margins of c.16%-17%, we anticipate Knights will continue its growth with 12.2% CAGR in Adj. PBT FY26-FY29E to c.£47m in FY29E, including the announced acquisitions of THP Solicitors Limited and Moore Barlow LLP, but before any other additional acquisitions.

An impressive track record of 27% CAGR FY13-FY26



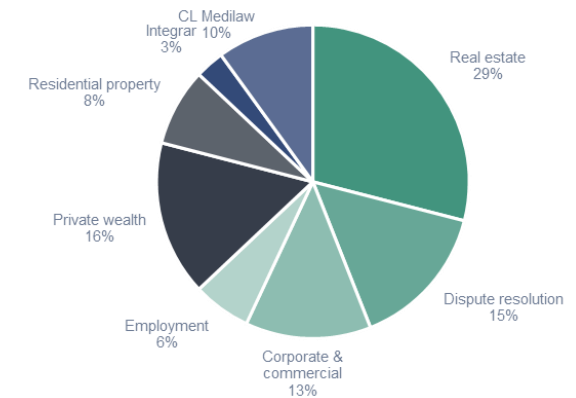
Source: Company data, Equity Development

...driven by 21% CAGR in staff



Source: Company data, Equity Development

...across a wide range of services, promoting collaboration



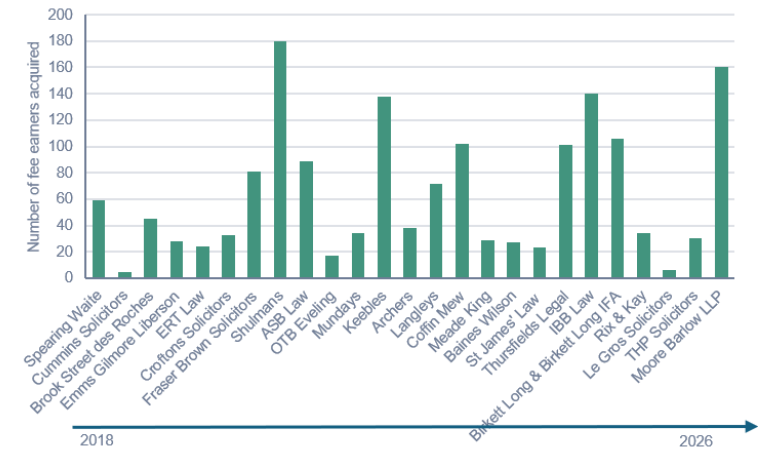
Source: Company data for FY25, Equity Development

Knights attracts high quality professionals, organically and through acquisitions

Acquisitions have driven a tripling of staff since IPO

- As at April 2026 Knights had 1,144 FTE fee-earning professionals (comprising 499 Partners & Senior associates; 318 other-qualified professionals, 245 non-qualified professionals and 81 professionals in the re-mortgaging Integrar practice).
- Knights typically has good organic employee retention (more than one year) of c.90% (average FY18-FY26) and its consistent approach to acquiring high quality local businesses has seen c.1,600 fee-earning professionals join the group through 30 acquisitions in the past 8 years since IPO.
- Some employee churn from acquisitions is expected (and is arguably desirable as Knights exits less profitable business), however, following a period of elevated churn in FY23-1H25, employee retention improved in 2H25 and FY26 back to 90%, helped by the investment in refurbished offices and strong employee engagement (employee NPS +46).

30 acquisitions in 8 years (including THP / Moore Barlow)...



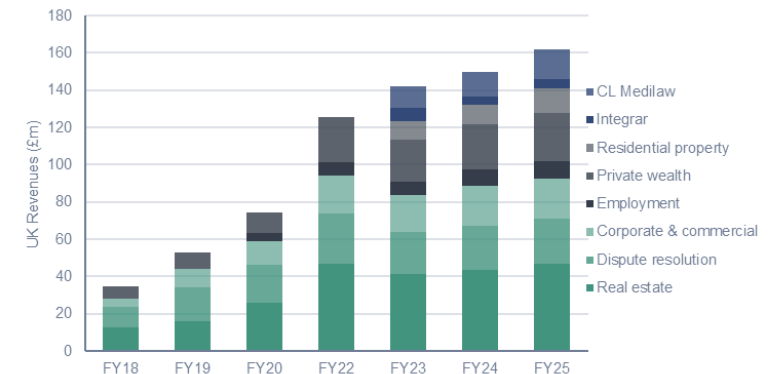
Source: Company data, Equity Development

...and building to 29 practice locations...



Note: Some offices merged in FY26; Source: Company data, Equity Development

...adding new services and cross-collaboration

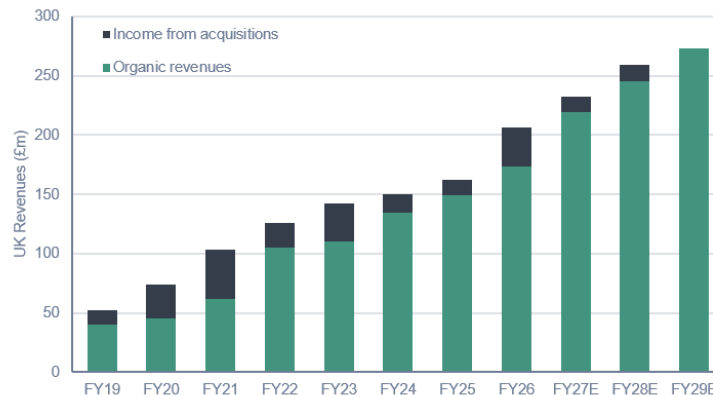


Source: Company data, Equity Development

An impressive track record for value accretive acquisitions

Although we do not forecast further acquisitions...

- It is worth noting that, while management guides to acquisitions as a key part of the strategy, we do not explicitly forecast any in our base case scenarios, as they are theoretical beyond those already announced (such as THP Solicitors and Moore Barlow).
- As the revenue chart below shows, acquisitions have contributed 22% to group revenues p/a on average (FY19-FY26).
- Knights' acquisitions to date have ranged in size, geographical location and range of services offered, and with c.200 firms operating regionally with revenues of £2m-£75m, there is plenty for Knights to go for.
- Knights has a robust balance sheet with FY26 net financial debt of £65m (1.3x Adj. EBITDA), rising to FY27E net financial debt of c.£89m (1.6x Adj. EBITDA) post the acquisitions. This still gives c.£70m of headroom within its £159m RCF (extended to July 2029). At its average 1.0x EV/Revenues valuation a c.£20m investment p/a could add c.£20m revenues and c.10% revenue growth p/a.



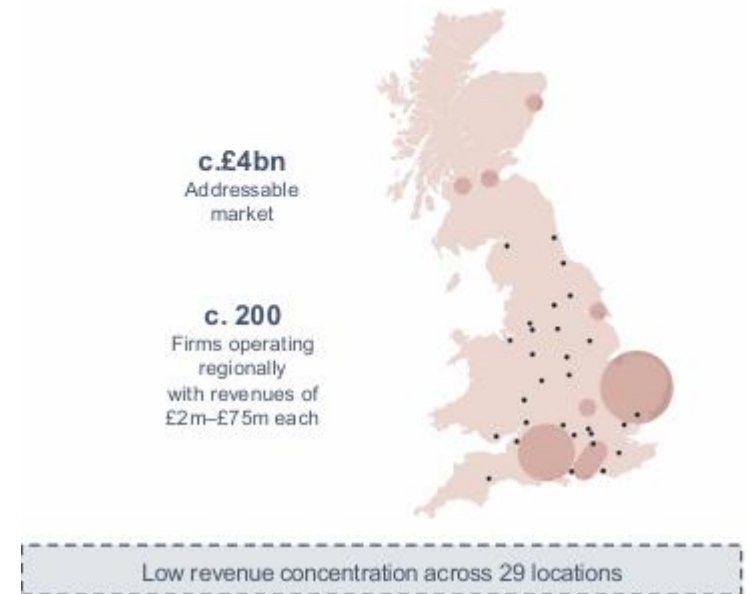
Source: Company data, Equity Development

...Knights' track record suggests more to come

“Knights is inevitable

and the acquisitions are only going to continue. The UK 200 has no shortage of regional firms with ageing partners, rising debt and an over-reliance on client interest income. For them, the future is increasingly, inexorably, Knights.”

The Lawyer – 15 April 2026



Source: Company data, Equity Development

Knights' impressive track record of c.30 bolt-on acquisitions since IPO, costing c.£200m (c.1.0x EV/Revenues), consolidating regional markets

Date	Company	Region	Fee-earners	Consideration £m	Cash £m	Shares £m	Deferred/ contingent	EV/ Revenues	EV / PAT**	£k per fee- earner
Oct-18	Spearing Waite	Leicester	59	8.5	7.3	0.4	0.8	1.2	10.0	144
Jan-19	Cummins Solicitors	Leicester	5	1.6	1.3	0.3		2.0	16.7	315
Jan-19	Brook Street des Roches	Oxford	45	10.0	5.0	2.5	2.5	1.4	11.6	222
Nov-19	Emms Gilmore Liberson	Birmingham	28	4.7	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.2	9.8	168
Jan-20	ERT Law	Birmingham	24	1.8	0.9	0.9		0.9	7.5	75
Feb-20	Croftons Solicitors	Manchester	33	2.8	1.4	0.7	0.7	1.0	8.3	85
Feb-20	Fraser Brown Solicitors	Nottingham	81	8.3	2.8	3.0	2.4	1.1	12.3	102
Mar-20	Shulmans	Leeds	180	20.1	7.6	6.1	6.4	1.1	9.5	112
Mar-20	ASB Law	Crawley, Maidstone	89	8.5	7.3	0.8	0.4	0.7	7.7	96
Nov-20	OTB Eveling	Exeter	17	2.1	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	8.3	124
Mar-21	Mundays	Weybridge, Surrey	34	5.3	2.7	1.3	1.4	0.7	6.2	156
May-21	Keebles	Sheffield	138	11.5	4.9	3.5	3.1	0.9	8.8	84
Nov-21	Archers	Stockton-on-Tees	38	5.2	2.1	1.6	1.5	1.3	7.2	137
Jan-22	Langleys	York & Lincoln	72	11.5	5.3	2.8	3.5	0.8	10.2	160
May-22	Coffin Mew	Portsmouth, Southampton etc	102	11.5	5.5	1.0	5.0	1.0	15.8	113
Jan-23	Meade King	South-West: Bristol	29	2.1	1.5		0.6	0.8	7.6	72
May-23	Baines Wilson	Carlisle & Lancaster	27	3.4	2.4		1.0	1.1	7.0	125
May-23	St James' Law	North-East: Newcastle	23	1.8	0.5		1.3	0.7	10.1	76
Jul-24	Thursfields Legal	Worcester, Birmingham etc	101	12.5	7.5		5.0	1.1	6.2	124
Mar-25	IBB Law	Uxbridge, Reading, Ascot etc	140	30.0	21.0		9.0	1.3	9.3	214
May-25	Birkett Long	Colchester, Chelmsford, Basildon	106	16.6	10.0		6.6	1.1	13.9	157
Aug-26	THP Solicitors	Reading, Henley	30	4.0	2.4		1.6			133
Aug-26	Moore Barlow LLP	South-East: Guildford etc	160	27.0	18.0		9.0	0.9	8.3	169
Total			1,601	£201m	£119m	£27m	£64m	1.0x	9.3x	£132k

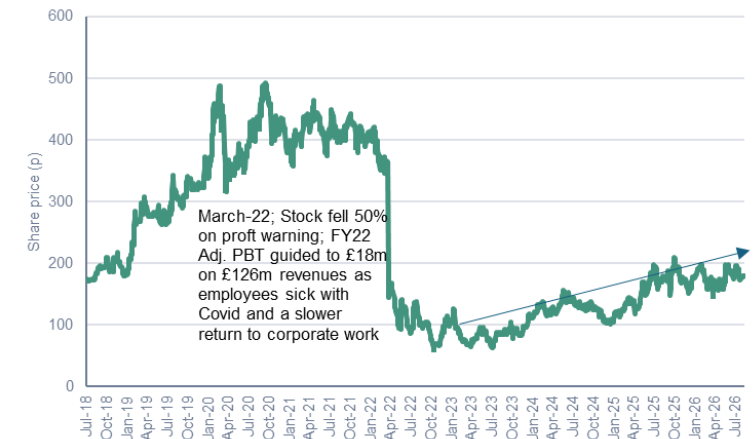
Note: *post synergy EV/PAT estimated assuming 20% revenue churn, post synergy PBT margin guidance and 25% tax rate; in August 2025 Knights made two further small acquisitions of Rix & Kay (34 fee-earners) and Le Gros Solicitors (6), but terms were not disclosed; Source: Company data, Equity Development

An undervalued, profitable and self-funded growth business

Business has recovered but its valuation has not

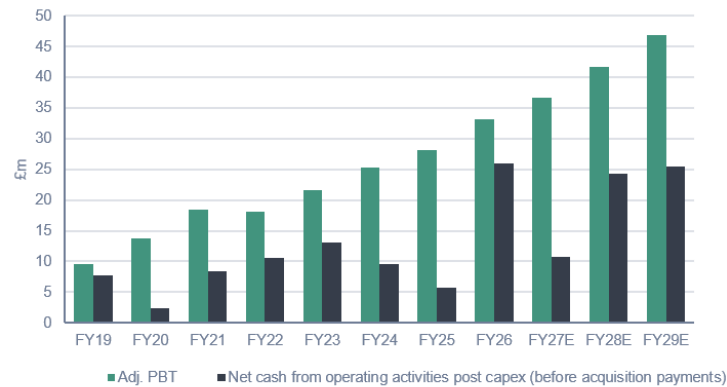
- Knights listed its shares on the AIM market in June 2018 with an IPO price of 180p and is part of the FTSE AIM 50 Index. Its share price reached a high of nearly 500p in 2020 but collapsed over 50% in March 2022 to c.150p from a Covid-induced profit warning (to £18m Adj. PBT in FY22, still a PBT margin of 14.4%). Knights' valuation multiples collapsed too (e.g. from an average of 3.8x EV/Sales in FY21 to 1.0x and from 15.3x EV/EBITDA in FY21 to 4.6x).
- Knights' current 176p share price, although up 27% since April, is still at odds with the group's significant growth to Adj. PBT of £33.2m in FY26 (margin of 16%) and underlying cashflow-generative growth outlook.
- Knights is also **significantly undervalued relative to peers**, trading on just 5.3x cal 27 PER versus a range of 4x-17x. We balance several valuation metrics to derive our 330p Fair Value and see scope for a significant rerating.

Knights' share price since IPO: on a path to recovery



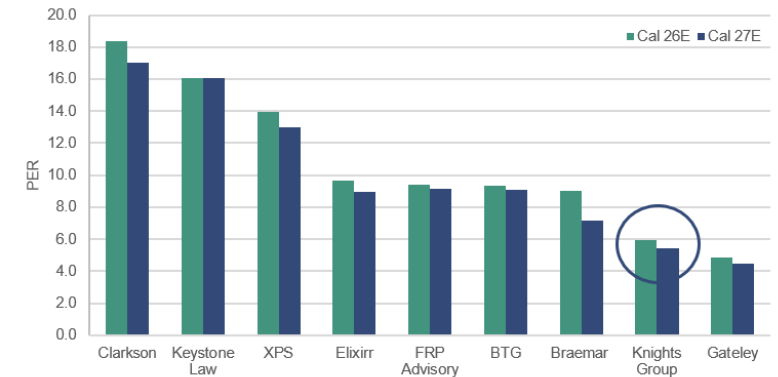
Source: Investing.com, Equity Development

Free cashflow supports acquisitions and dividend growth



Source: Company data, Equity Development

Knights' lowly PER of c.5.3x (our revised) cal 2027



Source: KoyFin for consensus estimates, Equity Development

Cash generative with excellent working capital management

Financial discipline generates cash rewards

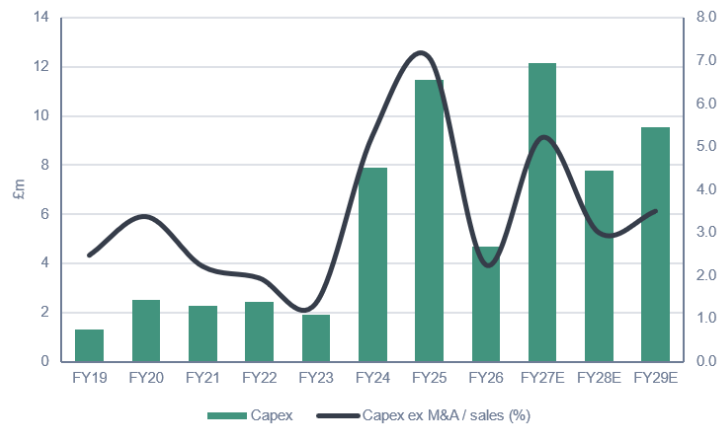
- One of Knights' key competitive advantages is its financial discipline and ability to collect fees in a timely manner. By applying its processes to acquired companies, Knights is able to improve working capital significantly – often halving “lock up days”.
- By end FY26 WIP days were 54 days (i.e. c.2 months) and debtors' days were an impressively low 30 days (i.e. c. 1 month, versus an industry average of c.73). Hence, total “lock up days” were 84 (i.e. under 3 months). Often acquisitions join the group with four to six months' (or more) worth of lock up.
- Capex has historically been a low 2%-3% of revenues. FY24 and FY25 saw an increase for the £15m office refurbishment and FY26 saw a return to £6m (£4.7m net of disposals). We forecast capex equal to 3.5% of revenues.

Lock up days still consistently low, despite acquisitions



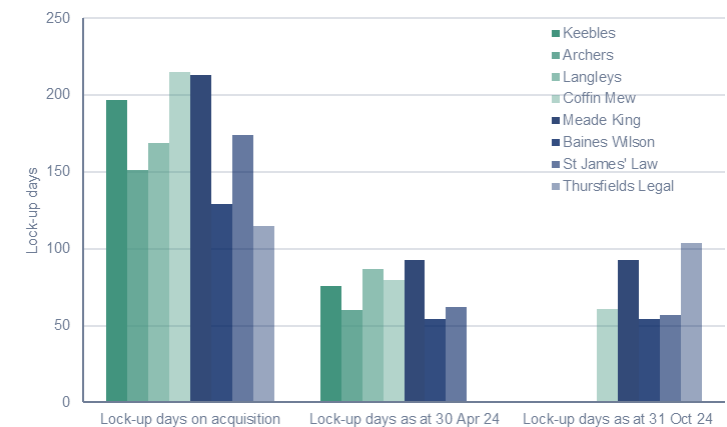
Source: Company data, Equity Development

Office refurbishment investments driving premium culture



FY27E capex includes c.£4m on acquisitions; Source: Company data, Equity Development

Knights has more than halved lock up days on acquisitions



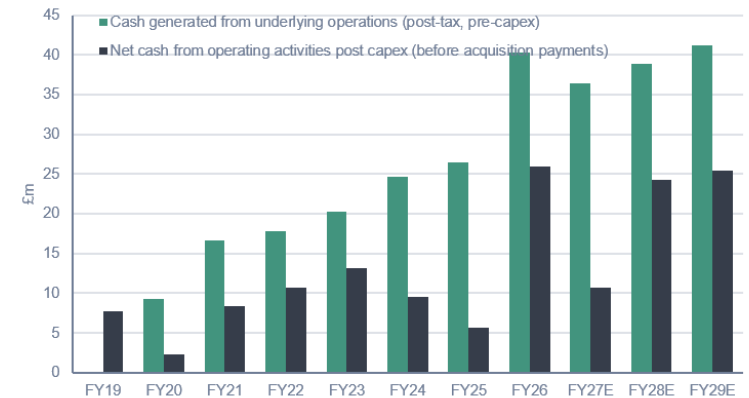
Source: Company data, Equity Development

High cash conversion funding acquisitions and dividends

High cashflow conversion funds growth and dividends

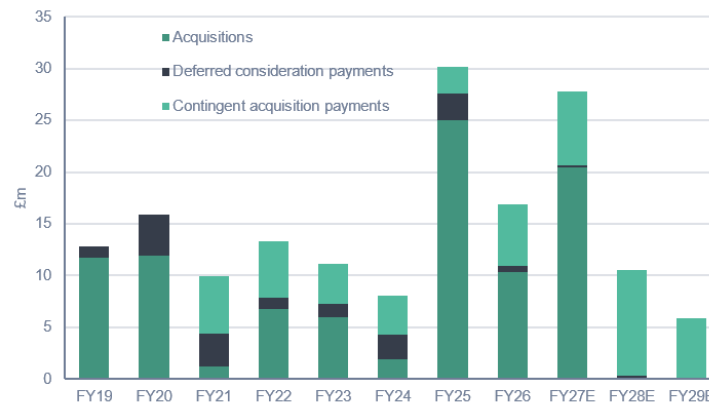
- In FY26, Knights' underlying cashflow conversion rose to a very impressive 163% (from 130% in FY25 and 111% FY19-FY25) based on underlying operating cashflow post tax (pre capex / acquisitions) to underlying PAT.
- This high cashflow generation, together with debt, has funded £175m of capex and acquisitions (FY19-FY26).
- Looking ahead, we forecast cumulative free cashflow, post-tax and £30m capex, of c.£60m over FY27E-FY29E. From this we anticipate c.£44m of acquisition payments (over 3 years) and c.£5m-£6m of dividend payments p/a.
- As already alluded to, we estimate that each £10m invested could add c.£10m revenues or c.5% revenue growth.

FY26 FCF rises to £26m before £17m acquisition payments



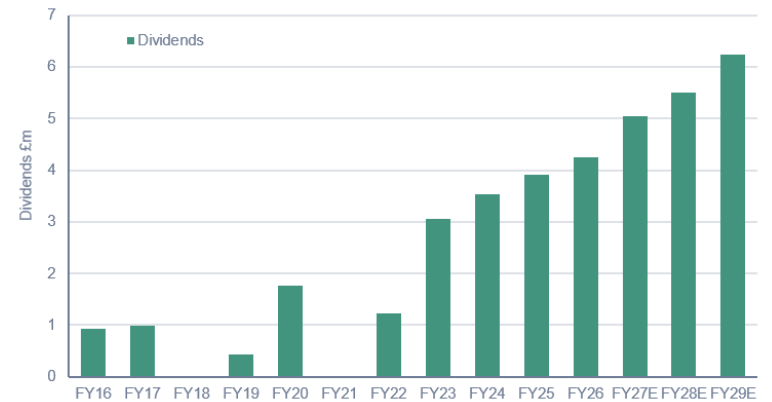
Source: Company data, Equity Development

...and acquisition spend has averaged £18m p/a FY19-FY26



Source: Company data, Equity Development

Dividends anticipated to rise to £5m-£6m p/a



Source: Company data, Equity Development

Increased Fair Value per share of 330p balances undemanding valuation metrics

- We raise our Fair Value per share from 315p to 330p, reflecting our increased profit forecasts. This takes into account several valuation metrics and equates to:
 - 1.7x cal 2027 EV / Revenues, reflecting Knights organic growth momentum and acquisition track record;
 - approximately 7x cal 2027 EV/EBITDA, similar to the sector average of c.6.5x, reflecting Knights' progress on reducing its leverage ratios and strong balance sheet with a recently extended RCF facility of £159m to July 2029;
 - approximately 10x cal 2027 PER (adj), similar to the sector average of c.10.5x, reflecting Knights' reduction in the relative size of its future contingent and deferred acquisition payments;
 - a cal 2027 dividend yield of c.2%, lower than the peer group average reflecting Knights' higher investment in growth; and
 - a cal 2027 FCF yield (pre-acquisition payments) of c.7% (our forecasts).
- Hence, we see significant potential for a re-rating towards our Fair Value, subject to the risks described earlier.

Comparable Company Valuation Metrics

Company	EV/Sales (x)		EV/ EBITDA (x)		Mkt cap / PBT (x)		PER (x)		DPS yield (%)		FCF yield (%)	
	Cal 2026	Cal 2027	Cal 2026	Cal 2027	Cal 2026	Cal 2027	Cal 2026	Cal 2027	Cal 2026	Cal 2027	Cal 2026	Cal 2027
BTG Consulting	1.1	1.0	5.4	5.1	7.8	6.3	9.3	9.1	4.6	4.6	9.1	10.5
Braemar	0.5	0.5	4.1	3.6	6.0	4.6	9.0	7.1	3.2	3.2	17.2	20.3
Clarkson	1.5	1.4	9.0	8.4	13.6	12.5	18.3	17.0	2.3	2.4	7.1	6.5
Elixirr	1.9	1.8	6.5	6.0	6.3	5.8	9.6	9.0	3.9	4.2	11.7	13.7
FRP Advisory	1.4	1.4	5.5	5.2	7.2	6.6	9.4	9.2	5.0	5.0	7.8	9.1
Gateley	0.5	0.5	3.3	3.1	4.3	3.2	4.9	4.5	8.8	9.9	14.0	20.8
Keystone Law	1.4	1.4	12.2	11.7	12.5	11.7	16.1	16.1	4.3	4.3	4.9	6.2
XPS	2.7	2.5	9.6	8.9	10.3	8.8	14.0	13.0	4.3	4.6	7.0	7.2
Average	1.4	1.3	6.9	6.5	8.5	7.4	11.3	10.6	4.6	4.8	9.8	11.8
Knights at 173p	1.2	1.2	4.9	4.6	4.3	3.1	6.0	5.4	3.5	3.9	12.6	12.1
Knights at 330p FV	1.9	1.8	7.4	7.0	8.3	7.2	11.4	10.3	1.8	2.0	6.6	6.3

Note: Knights multiples based on consensus forecasts, not revised forecasts including the acquisitions

Note: All profits are adjusted for exceptionals; all estimates are calendarised to a December year-end

Source: KoyFin, Equity Development (share prices at 21 August 2026)

Comparable Company Growth and Margin Metrics

Company	Share price	Market cap	Enterprise Value	2-year CAGR (%) 2025-Cal 2027E				EBITDA margin	PBT margin	Net debt / EBITDA
				Sales	EBITDA	PBT	EPS			
	p	£m	£m					Cal 26, %	Cal 26, %	Cal 26, x
BTG Consulting	109	176	187	5.7	5.7	41.7	4.4	19.8	12.8	0.3
Braemar	220	70	75	4.8	13.0	41.7	23.4	12.9	8.4	0.2
Clarkson	5,025	1,544	1,139	12.2	16.6	25.7	14.5	16.4	14.7	-3.2
Elixirr	636	320	359	15.6	16.5	17.2	9.7	30.0	27.4	0.7
FRP Advisory	119	289	259	4.1	4.4	17.2	4.1	26.1	22.2	-0.6
Gateley	57	77	97	3.8	8.0	11.8	8.7	14.6	8.9	0.7
Keystone Law	578	182	169	5.9	5.0	84.1	0.0	11.9	12.4	-0.9
XPS	318	646	390	8.0	7.6	19.9	6.6	28.5	22.4	1.5
Average				7.5	9.6	32.4	8.9	20.0	16.2	-0.2
Knights	173	147	266	5.1	6.6	4.3	10.6	25.1	15.7	2.1

Note: Knights multiples based on consensus forecasts, not revised forecasts including the acquisitions

Note: All profits are adjusted for exceptionals; all estimates are calendarised to a December year-end

Source: KoyFin, Equity Development (share prices at 21 August 2026)

Financial Forecast tables

- We raise our forecasts to include the acquisition of Moore Barlow for initial consideration of £18m, due to complete on 1st November 2026, and the acquisition of THP for initial consideration of £2.4m, due to complete on 25 September 2026. Both will be funded from existing cash and debt resources. We anticipate minimal net impact on FY27E Adj. PBT given existing low profitability and to allow for integration disruption. However, we anticipate significant integration synergies in FY28E and FY29E.

Forecasts raised c.11% by FY29E to include the acquisitions of Moore Barlow and THP Solicitors

		New forecasts			Old forecasts			% change		
Year-end 30 April (£m)	2026	2027E	2028E	2029E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2027E	2028E	2029E
Group Revenue	207.7	232.7	258.7	273.0	221.0	233.1	244.8	5.3	11.0	11.5
<i>Revenue growth (%)</i>	28.3	12.0	11.2	5.5	6.4	5.5	5.0			
Adj. EBITDA	51.5	56.4	63.5	68.7	55.2	58.3	61.4	2.1	9.0	11.9
<i>Adj. EBITDA margin (%)</i>	24.8	24.2	24.6	25.2	25.0	25.0	25.1			
Adj. PBT	33.2	36.6	41.7	46.9	36.4	39.3	42.1	0.5	6.0	11.4
<i>Adj. PBT margin (%)</i>	16.0	15.7	16.1	17.2	16.5	16.9	17.2			
Adjusted diluted EPS (p)	27.1	29.9	34.1	38.3	29.8	32.2	34.4	0.5	6.0	11.4
<i>Adj. EPS growth (%)</i>	17.4	10.4	13.9	12.4	9.9	7.9	7.0			
DPS (p)	5.6	6.0	6.8	7.7	6.0	6.4	6.9	0.5	6.0	11.4
Capex	4.7	12.1	7.8	9.6	7.7	8.2	8.6	57.0	-4.9	11.5
Free cashflow post capex, pre-acquisitions	25.9	10.7	24.3	25.4	22.0	20.3	24.2	-51.4	19.6	4.8
Free cashflow post capex, post-acquisitions	9.5	(17.1)	13.8	19.5	14.6	13.3	21.9	-216.8	3.5	-10.9
Net financial cash / (debt)	(65.4)	(88.8)	(81.7)	(69.7)	(57.1)	(50.4)	(35.5)	55.5	62.3	96.3
Total net cash /(debt) incl leases	(116.6)	(140.8)	(134.7)	(123.6)	(109.1)	(103.3)	(89.4)			
Net financial cash / (debt) / Adj. EBITDA (x)	(1.3)	(1.6)	(1.3)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(0.6)			
Total net cash / (debt) / Adj. EBITDA (x)	(2.3)	(2.5)	(2.1)	(1.8)	(2.0)	(1.8)	(1.5)			

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Key group growth and margin metrics

Year-end 30 April	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Organic revenue growth (%)	1.8	-0.2	1.9	-0.3	7.0	5.5	5.5	5.5
Acquired revenue growth (%)	19.9	13.3	3.6	8.3	21.3	6.5	5.7	0.0
Revenue growth (%)	21.7	13.1	5.5	8.0	28.3	12.0	11.2	5.5
Gross profit growth (%)	22.7	11.3	6.2	11.8	27.5	11.7	11.7	6.1
Adj. EBITDA growth (%)	8.0	21.7	15.9	11.0	20.0	9.4	12.8	8.1
Adj. Operating profit (%)	0.9	23.0	19.8	13.0	19.0	10.6	11.8	9.5
Adj. PBT growth (%)	-1.6	19.0	17.4	10.6	17.6	10.4	13.9	12.4
Adj. EPS growth (%)	-1.2	3.1	5.8	8.3	17.4	10.4	13.9	12.4
DPS growth (%)	n/a	15.1	9.4	9.1	17.0	6.4	13.9	12.4
Gross profit margin (%)	49.3	48.5	48.8	50.5	50.2	50.1	50.3	50.6
Adj. EBITDA margin (%)	21.8	23.5	25.8	26.5	24.8	24.2	24.6	25.2
Adj. Operating margin (%)	16.3	17.7	20.1	21.0	19.6	19.4	19.5	20.2
Adj. PBT margin (%)	14.4	15.2	16.9	17.3	16.0	15.7	16.1	17.2
Fee earner costs as a % of revenues	50.7	51.5	51.2	49.5	49.8	50.0	49.7	49.4
Other staff costs as a % of revenues	10.5	10.7	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.0	10.8	10.5
Staff costs (adj.) as a % of revenues	61.2	62.2	62.0	60.3	60.8	61.0	60.5	59.9
Op costs excl D&A /sales (%)	17.6	18.7	18.8	18.4	18.9	19.2	18.8	18.5
Tax rate (adj.) (%)	10.1	19.9	26.1	26.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Divisional revenue analysis

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2018A	2019A	2020A	2021A	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A
Real estate	13	16	26	0	47	41	43	47
Dispute resolution	11	18	20	0	27	23	24	24
Corporate & commercial	5	10	13	0	21	20	21	21
Employment	0	0	5	0	7	7	9	10
Corporate legal services	28	44	64	0	101	91	97	102
Private wealth	7	8	11	0	24	23	24	26
Residential property	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	13
Personal legal services	7	8	11	0	24	33	34	39
Integrar	0	0	0	0	0	7	4	5
CL Medilaw	0	0	0	0	0	11	13	16
Specialist legal services	0	0	0	0	0	18	18	21
Total revenues	35	53	74	0	126	142	150	162
Real estate	36	30	35		37	29	29	29
Dispute resolution	32	35	28		21	16	16	15
Corporate & commercial	13	19	17		16	14	14	13
Employment			6		6	5	6	6
Corporate legal services	81	84	86	0	81	64	65	63
Private wealth	19	16	14		19	16	16	16
Residential property						7	7	8
Personal legal services	19	16	14	0	19	23	23	24
Integrar						5	3	3
CL Medilaw						8	9	10
Specialist legal services						13	12	13
Total (% contribution)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Income statement: Revenue to Adjusted PBT

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Group revenue	125.6	142.1	150.0	162.0	207.7	232.7	258.7	273.0
Direct (fee-earner) costs	(63.7)	(73.2)	(76.8)	(80.2)	(103.4)	(116.2)	(128.6)	(134.8)
Gross profit	61.9	68.9	73.2	81.8	104.3	116.5	130.1	138.1
Other income and interest revenue	1.3	6.7	10.4	9.6	10.8	11.7	11.7	11.7
Operating (other staff) costs, Adj. ex D&A	(22.1)	(26.5)	(28.2)	(29.8)	(39.3)	(44.6)	(48.6)	(50.5)
Adj. EBITDA	27.4	33.4	38.7	42.9	51.5	56.4	63.5	68.7
Depreciation of PPE	(2.0)	(2.4)	(2.7)	(3.3)	(4.9)	(5.1)	(6.5)	(6.7)
Depreciation of ROUA	(4.8)	(5.7)	(5.6)	(5.2)	(5.8)	(6.0)	(6.6)	(6.8)
Amortisation	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.0	0.0
Depreciation & amortisation	(7.0)	(8.2)	(8.5)	(8.6)	(10.7)	(11.2)	(13.1)	(13.5)
Adj. Operating profit	20.5	25.2	30.2	34.3	40.8	45.1	50.4	55.2
Share of joint ventures					0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Interest on financial debt	(1.0)	(2.1)	(3.4)	(4.1)	(5.5)	(6.5)	(6.7)	(6.3)
Interest on lease liabilities	(1.4)	(1.5)	(1.5)	(2.2)	(2.9)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.9)
Other finance costs	0.0	0.1	0.1			0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest receivable & other		0.0	0.0	0.3				
Finance costs	(2.3)	(3.6)	(4.9)	(6.1)	(8.4)	(9.3)	(9.5)	(9.1)
Adj. PBT	18.1	21.6	25.3	28.2	33.2	36.6	41.7	46.9

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Income statement: Adjusted PBT to EPS

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Adj. PBT	18.1	21.6	25.3	28.2	33.2	36.6	41.7	46.9
Amortisation of acquired intangible assets	(3.8)	(3.4)	(3.6)	(4.0)	(5.3)	(5.0)	(5.6)	(4.4)
Contingent acquisition payments	(6.3)	(4.4)	(2.8)	(3.8)	(8.1)	(7.6)	(10.6)	(5.9)
Transaction costs	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.5)	(2.0)	(3.5)	(3.5)	0.0	0.0
Redundancy and reorganisation staff costs	(2.1)	(1.4)	(1.3)	(2.5)	(2.0)	(3.5)	0.0	0.0
Loss/profit/impairment of assets/ROUA	(3.5)	(0.3)	(1.0)	(2.1)	(4.1)			
Share based payments	(0.4)				(0.0)			
Other		(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.1)	0.4			
Non underlying operating costs	(13.3)	(7.1)	(6.6)	(11.5)	(17.3)	(14.6)	(10.6)	(5.9)
Non underlying finance costs	0.0	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.4)			
Non-underlying costs	(17.1)	(10.7)	(10.5)	(15.7)	(23.0)	(19.6)	(16.1)	(10.3)
PBT	1.1	10.9	14.8	12.3	10.1	17.0	25.6	36.5
Adj tax	(1.8)	(4.3)	(6.6)	(7.4)	(8.5)	(9.4)	(10.7)	(12.0)
Non-underlying tax	(1.7)	0.7	1.6	2.7	3.0	2.5	2.1	1.3
Tax	(3.6)	(3.6)	(5.0)	(4.7)	(5.5)	(6.8)	(8.6)	(10.7)
Adj. PAT	16.3	17.3	18.7	20.6	24.7	27.2	31.0	34.9
Reported PAT	-2.5	7.3	9.8	7.6	4.6	10.2	17.0	25.9
No of f/d shares (m)	84.1	86.5	88.6	89.8	91.0	91.0	91.0	91.0
Adjusted diluted EPS (p)	19.4	20.0	21.1	22.9	27.1	29.9	34.1	38.3
DPS (p)	3.5	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.6	6.0	6.8	7.7

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Cashflow statement

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Adj. EBITDA	27.4	33.4	38.7	42.9	51.5	56.4	63.5	68.7
Share based payments charge	0.8	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7
Working capital movement	(2.5)	(5.2)	(3.5)	(5.1)	2.4	(5.8)	(8.3)	(9.0)
Tax paid	(4.1)	(2.4)	(5.4)	(5.8)	(6.2)	(6.8)	(8.6)	(10.7)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(1.1)	(1.5)	(1.5)	(2.3)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.9)
Lease payments (principal)	(2.8)	(5.2)	(4.7)	(4.5)	(4.7)	(6.0)	(6.6)	(6.8)
Net cash from underlying op. activities	17.7	20.3	24.6	26.5	41.8	36.4	38.8	41.2
<i>Underlying cash conversion as a % of PAT</i>	<i>109</i>	<i>117</i>	<i>131</i>	<i>130</i>	<i>163</i>	<i>133</i>	<i>125</i>	<i>118</i>
Net financial interest paid	(1.0)	(2.1)	(3.0)	(3.9)	(6.1)	(6.5)	(6.7)	(6.3)
Non-underlying cash costs	(3.7)	(3.1)	(4.2)	(5.4)	(5.1)	(7.0)	0.0	0.0
Capex	(2.4)	(1.9)	(7.9)	(11.5)	(4.7)	(12.1)	(7.8)	(9.6)
Net cashflow pre acquisition payments	10.7	13.1	9.5	5.7	25.9	10.7	24.3	25.4
Contingent acquisition payments	(5.4)	(3.9)	(3.7)	(2.6)	(5.9)	(7.1)	(10.3)	(5.9)
Deferred acquisition payments	(1.1)	(1.2)	(2.4)	(2.6)	(0.6)	(0.3)	(0.3)	0.0
Acquisition costs	(6.8)	(6.0)	(1.9)	(25.0)	(10.3)	(20.4)		
Net cash/debt acquired	(2.9)	(0.7)	(0.8)					
Acquisition consideration payments	(16.2)	(11.8)	(8.9)	(30.2)	(16.8)	(27.8)	(10.6)	(5.9)
Investment in joint venture			(2.6)					
Disposal of subsidiaries / discontinued ops		(1.1)			0.4			
Free cashflow post acquisitions	(5.5)	0.2	(1.9)	(24.4)	9.5	(17.1)	13.8	19.5
Dividends	(1.2)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.3)	(5.0)	(5.5)	(6.2)
Share buy backs / equity issues				(0.6)	(1.2)	(1.2)	(1.2)	(1.2)
Net cashflow	(6.8)	(2.8)	(5.4)	(28.9)	4.0	(23.3)	7.0	12.0

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Capex and acquisition metrics

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Capex	2.4	1.9	7.9	11.5	4.7	12.1	7.8	9.6
All acquisition payments	16.2	11.8	8.9	30.2	16.8	27.8	10.6	5.9
Capex & acquisition spend	18.6	13.7	16.8	41.6	21.5	39.9	18.3	15.5
Capex / revenues (%)	1.9	1.4	5.3	7.1	2.3	5.2	3.0	3.5
Acquisition spend / revenues (%)	12.9	8.3	5.9	18.6	8.1	11.9	4.1	2.2
Capex & acquisitions / revenues (%)	14.8	9.7	11.2	25.7	10.4	17.1	7.1	5.7

Note: Capex in FY27E includes c.£4m for capex spend on acquisitions including some office investment; Source: Company data, Equity Development

Working capital metrics

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Debtor days	31	30	28	31	30			
WIP days	55	57	50	55	54			
Year end lock up - WIP and debtor days	86	87	78	86	84			
Total lock up days, no exclusions	103	105	116	113				
Contract assets % of RRR	25.3	26.9	26.8	28.2	26.1	25.9	26.1	26.1
Trade and other receivables % of RRR	27.2	22.0	22.0	22.3	21.1	20.7	20.9	20.7
Trade and other payables % of RRR	-17.2	-14.8	-13.4	-14.8	-17.1	-16.9	-15.4	-14.3
Working capital % of RRR	35.2	34.1	35.4	35.7	30.1	29.8	31.5	32.5
Working capital outflow as a % of RRR	-2.0	-3.6	-2.3	-2.8	1.1	-2.3	-3.2	-3.3

Note: "RRR" = run-rate revenues typically the same as revenues except in FY25 when defined as £181m; RRR for FY27E assumed to be c.£246m; Source: Company data, Equity Development

Net debt metrics

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Gross financial debt	(33.2)	(33.3)	(40.6)	(70.7)	(71.5)	(91.9)	(91.9)	(91.9)
Net cash	4.1	4.0	5.5	5.9	6.0	3.1	10.1	22.2
Net financial cash / (debt)	(29.1)	(29.2)	(35.2)	(64.8)	(65.4)	(88.8)	(81.7)	(69.7)
Leases	(46.5)	(44.9)	(40.6)	(54.3)	(51.1)	(52.0)	(53.0)	(53.9)
Total net cash / (debt) incl leases	(75.6)	(74.1)	(75.7)	(119.1)	(116.6)	(140.8)	(134.7)	(123.6)
Net financial cash / (debt) / Adj. EBITDA (x)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(1.5)	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.0
Total net cash / (debt) / Adj. EBITDA (x)	(2.8)	(2.2)	(2.0)	(2.8)	2.3	2.5	2.1	1.8

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Balance sheet: Assets

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Property, plant and equipment	10.2	10.0	14.9	23.7	25.4	32.4	33.7	36.5
Right of use assets	40.7	38.2	34.0	46.6	42.1	46.1	47.1	48.0
Intangible assets incl goodwill	82.2	88.0	86.9	105.9	112.2	135.0	129.4	125.0
Other financial assets	1.1	1.7	4.2	3.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Non-current assets	134.2	137.9	140.0	179.5	181.3	215.2	211.8	211.2
Contract assets (unbilled income)	31.8	38.2	40.2	51.0	54.3	63.8	67.4	71.1
Trade and other receivables	32.3	31.1	32.8	39.6	43.6	50.8	53.9	56.4
Other financial assets	1.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Current tax assets	1.8	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Cash & cash equivalents	4.1	4.0	5.5	5.9	6.0	3.1	10.1	22.2
Assets held for sale				1.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Current assets	71.3	73.8	79.1	99.0	104.6	118.4	132.2	150.4

Source: Company data, Equity Development

Balance sheet: Liabilities

Year-end 30 April (£m)	2022A	2023A	2024A	2025A	2026A	2027E	2028E	2029E
Bank overdraft & s/t loans	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.9)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)
Lease liabilities	(5.3)	(6.3)	(5.2)	(5.7)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(6.0)
Trade payables and other liabilities	(21.4)	(20.8)	(19.9)	(26.7)	(35.4)	(41.4)	(39.8)	(39.0)
Deferred consideration	(1.2)	(2.4)	(2.6)	(0.6)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)
Contract liabilities	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Provisions	(1.8)	(2.3)	(2.3)	(3.7)	(3.7)	(3.7)	(3.7)	(3.7)
Other incl liabilities held for sale	(0.4)			(0.9)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current liabilities	(30.7)	(32.3)	(30.7)	(38.5)	(46.3)	(52.3)	(50.7)	(49.9)
Capital employed	174.7	179.4	188.4	240.0	239.6	281.3	293.3	311.6
Bank borrowings	(32.8)	(33.1)	(40.1)	(69.8)	(71.2)	(91.6)	(91.6)	(91.6)
Lease liabilities	(41.2)	(38.6)	(35.4)	(48.6)	(45.2)	(46.1)	(47.0)	(48.0)
Deferred tax liabilities	(8.3)	(8.4)	(8.3)	(11.2)	(10.6)	(10.6)	(10.6)	(10.6)
Provisions	(4.3)	(4.1)	(4.0)	(5.4)	(5.9)	(10.9)	(10.9)	(8.9)
Deferred consideration	(2.4)	(2.5)	(0.4)	(0.6)	(1.6)	(1.3)	(1.0)	(1.0)
Non-current liabilities	(89.1)	(86.6)	(88.1)	(135.6)	(134.5)	(160.5)	(161.1)	(160.1)
Net assets	85.6	92.8	100.3	104.5	105.1	120.8	132.2	151.6
Shareholders' funds	85.6	92.8	100.3	104.4	105.1	120.8	132.2	151.6

Source: Company data, Equity Development

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